# "LUSITANIA" WAR CRY OF NEW YORK AND SOUTHERN TROOPS

army attacked on the northern slopes of Bellevue Heights, Mont Cuvelet How Foch Is Gaining Ground and Bouconville. Alin Brook, which flows northeast toward Challerange, has been crossed and heights dominating the village of Manre, on the west side of the brook (on the railroad to Grand-Pre), have been taken,

The Germans violently counter-attacked last night south of St. Quentin, in the Urvillers region, in an attempt to recapture Hill 188, All these efforts were broken up by the French defense,

The progress in breaking the hold of the German invader on French soil is shown by the fact that no longer is any of the French departments entirely occupied by the enemy. This situation was established by the re-apture of four Communes of the Department of the Ardennes. FOCH FIGHTING FIVE BATTLES

Marshal Foch is fgihting five battles simultaneously and successfully-a feat unparalleled in the history of war. Each battle is so limed and placed that each army supports another, all forming an indispensable part of the whole effort.

Gen. Grant's idea of a continuous concurrent attack by a multiplicity of forces on many fronts is being realized by the Allied General-Issimo. There are five battles to-day-there may be more to-morrowail inter-related and working as smoothly as the cylinders of a well-adjusted automobile engine.

All are directed to the same end-to wear down the enemy's strength. Marshal Foch alone knows when the Allies will strike the dechive blow. The enemy is still fighting well. He is still offering splendid resistance west of the Argonne, but how long can he keep it up?

Expert commentators agree that the enemy's withdrawal to a shorter line, probably that of Antwerp, Brussels, Mezieres and Metz, is imminent. Some believe he has hung on too long and that he will have great difficuity in preventing his retreat from degenerating into a rout.

"For Foch, as for Napoleon," says Major De Civrieux in the Matin, "to conquer is not to push back an enemy behind the lines previously fixed upon, but, gripping him everywhere, to break the integrity of his forces and then hurl him, disjointed and destroyed, on the road to irreparable defeat. Like all great dramas which have changed the face of the world, the one which is being played during these fateful hours will bring triumph. Victory is in sight."

EXAMPLE OF GERMAN WASTAGE

An examination of one section of the twenty-two-mile front on which Gen. Gouraud is attacking in the Champagne will give an idea of the German wastage. On the eve of the attack Gen. Ludendorff, teeling uneasy, reinforced the defenders with two or three divisions. After two days' fighting he threw in ten more divisions. This twelve or thirteen divisions have been used up on a front of twenty-two miles only. From this the speed at which the German strength is being whittled away may easily be calculated.

The soberest and most conservative observers here consider that yesterday marked the first step in the decisive phase of the war. The Belgians are close to Roulers; the British, marching up the Lys, will outflank Lille; the Slegfried line is going to pieces at two vital points, namely Cambrai and St. Quentin, the fall of which places is considered a question of hours; Le Catelet, the central pillar of the Hindenburg system, is outflanked; Gen. Mangin is driving the enemy north of the Chemin-des-Dames; Gen. Gouraud is at the gates of Challerange on his way to Vouziers, the key to the lateral railroad communications of the Germans. Moreover, during the last week the Allies on the western front have taken more than 50,000 prisoners.

# LATEST OFFICIAL REPORTS.

of St. Quentin) and Gonnelieu eight

enemy's resistance was obstinate

yesterday. American, Australian

and English troops, in heavy fight-

"At Bony and Villers-Guislan hos-

"North of Gonnelieu further prog-

"Heavy losses were inflicted in the

launched in the Cambraj sector. A

PARIS, Sept. 30 .- Following is the

"In the course of the night the

. . of St. Quentin). All their at-

"Rather violent artillery fighting

occurred between the Air and the

AMERICAN.

"Our troops have continued to meet

ley of the Aire we have met and re-

to answer I' . 88 were broken

text of 1 .- day's War Office statement.

Germans delivered a violent counter-

up by the French fire.

If fantry action o

the northward.

miles north miles east of Vekub)."

to-day;

## BELGIAN.

HAVRE, Sunday, Sept. 29 .- The miles southwest of Cambrai), the following statement has been issued by the Belgian War Office: "During to-day the Belgian and ing until late in the evening and in

British armies continued their suc- spite of strong opposition, gained cess, defeating the enemy after se- ground and took many prisoners. vere fighting on the whole of the great Flanders Ridge as well as on tile counter-attacks during the latter the whole of the Messines-Wyt- part of the day pressed us back schaete position. The Belgian army slightly to the western outskirts of captured Dixmude, Zarren, Terrest, these villages. Elsewhere our gains Stadenherg, Westroosebeke and were maintained. It repulsed strong counter-attacks between Staden and Ter- ress was made during the evening in rest, and at the end of the day was the direction of Les Rues des Vignes attacking at St. Pieter, on the Rou- (five miles directly south of Cambrai). ters-Menin road, as well as at Colliemolenholk, four kilometres west of repulse of determined counter-attacks

"Gen. Plumer's army, after captur- heavy rain has fallen during the night ing the Messines-Wytschaete Ridge, and it is still stormy." encountered very strong resistance. The enemy attempted vainly to defend the approaches to the River Lys und suffered very beavy losses, especially in Ploegsteert Wood.

"At the end of the day the British eastern edge of Ploegsteart Wood to Gaepaert, to St. Tenbrielen, to Terhard, to Dadizcelc.

"During Sept. 28 and 29 the Belglan and British forces took more than 9,000 prisoners, more than 200 Aisne. guns, some of heavy calibre, as well as a very considerable quantity of material. The British army captured battle began again at daybreak." 65 officers, 3,000 men and 90 field

"British bombing airplanes during the day of Sept. 28 contributed very greatly to the success of the operations. They bombed without cessation enemy troop columns, transports and communication lines."

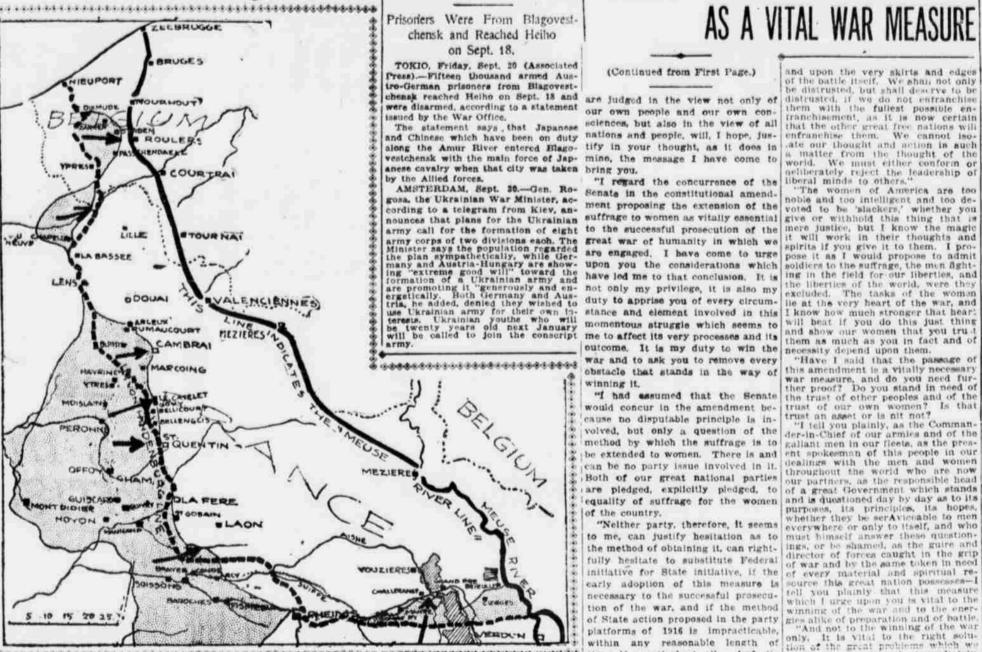
# BRITISH.

LONDON. Sent. 30 .- Following in divisions from other parts of the the report issued to-day by the War front. Between Crerges and the val-

"There was heavy fighting yester- pulsed heavy counter attacks." day afternoon at the left of the battlefront. Our advanced troops. who had taken Aubencheul-au-Bac and had entered Arleux (an important town five miles and a half directly south of Doual) were com-

"West and northwest of Cambral 700 prisoners and 20 guns. the enemy was unable to prevent our reached the junction of the Arras- our strong attacks compelled them to to-day from Amsterdam: "King Fer-Cambral and Bapaume-Cambrat abandon it. We are now ten kilo- dinand of Bulgaria has telegraphed to roads, and entered the northern sub- metres (six and a quarter miles) to Emperor Charles of Austria assuring urbs of the town.

"Yesterday, north of St. Quentin, prisoners and forty guns.



During the period of Bulgarian

neutrality both the Entente Alliance

and the Central Powers had made

offers to Bulgaria and Russia, who for

years had protected Bulgarian inter-

ests, sent an ultimatum to Bulgaria

in October, 1915. Bulgaria refused

Bulgarian troops invaded Serbia on

Oct. 13, 1915. Her entrance into the

war led to the overrunning of Serbia,

On Sept. 14, 1918, Franco-Serblan

forces attacked the German-Bulga-

receive representatives of the Bul-

garian army. The Bulgarian repre-sentatives reached Salonica Saturday and negotiations were opened Sunday. Before the Allied troops can take

over the occupation of Bulgaria it is not unlikely that the Bulgaria mili-

tary party and Germany and Austria

will make determined efforts to keep Bulgaria in the Teu,onic alliance, be-

Bulgaria in the Teuronic alliance, because the secession of Bulgaria would

mean the collapse of German aims in

eastern front with Roumania taking

SLUMP IN CORN PRICES.

Sensational Breaks Follow Re-

ceipt of War News in Chicago.

CHICAGO, Sept. 36. - Sensations

breaks in the value o foorn took place

to-day as bulletins streamed in which

traders inferred to mean the beginning

Saturday's close

of the end of the war. The biggest frop in price was for november corn. which fell 7 1-8 a bushel compared with

Fight on Influence to Bay State

Shows Progress.

BOSTON, Sept. 30 -A slight improve

ment in the influenza situation was re-

ported to-day, and health authorities

were hopeful that the creat of the wave had been passed. There were indica-tions, however, that the disease was apreading to sections of New England heretofore comparatively free from it. The State Department of Health re-ported 7.14s new cases, with 194 deaths, in the forty-select hours from Saturday

in the forty-eight hours from Saturday

Woman Drops Dead on "L."

Turkey and the Near East, the pro-able elimination of Turkey from ti-war and the reconstruction of t

Montenegro and Albania by the arm-

the Russian demands.

tente late in August, 1916.

# BULGARS SURRENDER UNCONDITIONALLY AND

(Continued from First Page.)

many's action. Some reports from Germany state that she will try to keep Bulgaria in line by force, but her ability to do so is another ques-

### HOSTILITIES AGAINST OTHER ENEMIES IN MACEDONIA TO GO ON.

I'ARIS, Sept. 30 .- The announcement that an armistice had been signed les of the Central Powers. Bulgaria's with Bulgaria after that country had accepted all the conditions of the of the reasons that led Roumania to Allies aroused the keenest interest in

The actual suspension of hostilitiasc unanimously in favor of Bulgaria the armistice, but it is noted that this Joining the Teutonic Alliance, mmediately followed the signing of suspension applies only to Maced mian hostilielss against Bulgaria, and that rian line in Macedonia east of Monait in no way affects Macedonian hos- stir. Breaking through, the Allied tilities which the Allies armies will troops rapidly advanced northward. continue against Austria-Hungary, of the German-Bulgarian front. Turkey and the German contingents

ent to that locality. A Salonica despatch states Gen. percy, the Allied Generalissimo, ansaid the Ki Franchet D'Espercy, the Allied Comnounced that he had received from falls back mander-in-Chief of Macedonia, signed the Bulgarian Government a propocause of cause of companion of the salonical despatch states. A Salonica despatch states Gen. Franchet D'Esperey, the Allied Comfor the Allies and the Bulgarian delegates for their Government. Instructions have been given by the Government to Gen. D'Esperey to proceed immediately to the execution of

the conditions of the armistice. The armistice, La Liberte says edtorially, was signed with the full consent of King Ferdinand. It prints a denial of a report that he had taken refuge in Vicana. The King, it says. us not left Sofia.

### BULGARIA WILL FIGHT AGAINST TURKEY, SAYS MINISTER.

"In the Champagne there was no WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.-Bulgaria the night. The will be friendly to any allied moves against Turkey, and will be practically on the side of the Allien for the re-WASHINGTON, Sept. 50 .- The felmainder of the war. Bulgarian Minlowing communique from Gen. Per- ister Panaretoff told the United Press shing, dated Sunday, was made public to-day.

AMSTERDAM, Sept. 30 .- A special article in the Vossische Zeitung urges with determined resistance on the Germany to force Bulgaria to conpart of the enemy, who has been tinue her allegiance by a military forced hastily to bring up and engage | demonstration against Sofia.

### ALLIES DEMANDED BREAKING RELATIONS WITH GERMANY. The terms laid down by the Alijes

were officially reported to be as fol-LONDON, Sept. 30 .- The following Surrender of all Bulgarian forces report has been issued by the Serbian outside Bulgarian territory and demobilization of the army within. Com-

"By a bold manocuvre we have plete breaking off of relations with had been passed. The pelied to withdraw from these vil- taken Carevofelo and cut the Bul- Germany, Austria and Turkey. Free garian retreat. We took more than access of Allied forces to Bulgarian territory. "At St. Nicholas ten enemy regis. Notwithstanding the signing of the Advanced detachments ments tried to defend the town, but truce the following despatch was sent

him of his loyalty to the Quadruple "Serbian and French troops have Alliance, according to the Neue Freie the Midland division alone captured taken the dominating heights on the Presse, which is quoted in despatches lieft bank of the Pchinja (twelve reaching here."

### an armistice—probably the first step GERMAN SOLDIERS SHOT IN ATTEMPTING REVOLT alliance with the Central Powers-e few days less than three years after she entered the war on the side of Germany. It was on Oct. 8, 1915, tha Bulgaria issued a manifesto announc-

Men Reported Executed, According to Swiss Frontier Reports.

non - commissioned officers and men of Gen, Boehm's y have been shot, following an attempt at .evol., according to advices from the Swiss frontier

to-day.

# joining the Central Powers was one NOW IS DECISIVE HOUR, enter the war on the side of the En-

The population of Bulgaria was not -Forward for Right and Lib-

HAVRE, France, Sept. 30 .- In adattack Saturday morning, King Al- pectant, suffering peoples with whom enemy from the Belgian coast with Bulgaria was invaded by British troops at a point north of Salonica, and on Sept. 27 Gen. Franchet d'Esthe help of their French and British comrades. "This is the decisive hour," said the King. Everywhere Germany fails back. Be worthy of the sacred not alone the voices of stateamen and cause of our independence and the of newspapers that reach me and the sal that military operations be sus-pended pending negotiations for an armistice. Pending discussion of the traditions of our race. Forward for right and liberty and for glorious and immortal Belgium!"

## Bulgarian proposal by the Allied Governments the French General said he would not stop fighting, but would FIGHT TO END, SAYS KAISER, been made aware what the plain

time against foreign oppression.

"A glance at the magnificent successes of our heroic sens and their able leaders ought to protect the

## 40,000 GERMANS TAKEN BY ALLIES IN 3 DAYS, WITH 300 CANNON

PARIS, Sept. 30. RENCH, British, American and Belgian troops in the last three days have captured 40,000 prisoners and 300 guns, according to an estimate given out by the Havas Agency.

Since July 18 the Allies have captured 200,000 prisoners, 3,000 guns, 20,000 machine guns and This does not take into account the operations in Macedonia and

# On All Western Battle Fronts CAPTIVES DISARMED BY JAPS PRESIDENT URGES WOMAN SUFFRAGE AS A VITAL WAR MEASURE

Senate in the constitutional amend-ment proposing the extension of the voted to be 'slackers,' whicher you suffrage to women as vitally essential give or withhold this thing that is to the successful prosecution of the great war of humanity in which we are engaged. I have come to urge upon you the considerations which soldiers to the suffrage, the men fighting in the field for our liberties, and have led me to that conclusion. It is ing in the field for our liberties, and the liberties of the world, were they excluded. The tasks of the women duty to apprise you of every circumstance and element involved in this in the momentous struggle which seems to me to affect its very processes and its me to affect its very processes and its in the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fact and of the women in the max much as you in fact and of the women in the max much as you in fact and of the women in the max much as you in fact and of the max much as you in fa outcome. It is my duty to win the war and to ask you to remove every obstacle that stands in the way of winning it.

"I had assumed that the Senate the rust of other peoples and of the rust of other peoples and other peoples are rust of other people

would concur in the amendment be-trust of our own women? Is that cause no disputable principle is involved, but only a question of the method by which the suffrage is to be extended to women. There is and can be no party issue involved in it.
Both of our great national parties are pledged, explicitly pledged, to

of a great Government which stands and is questioned day by day as to its purposes, its principles, its hopes, whether they be serAviceable to men everywhere or only to itself, and who must himself answer these questioned to men everywhere or only to itself, and who must himself answer these questioned to men everywhere or only to itself, and who must himself answer these questions the method of obtaining it, can rightfully hesitate to substitute Federal initiative for State initiative, if the carly adoption of this measure is necessary to the successful prosecution of the war, and if the method of State action proposed in the party platforms of 1916 is impracticable, within any reasonable length of only, it is vital to the right soil-only, were sentenced to prison which teams and is questioned day by day as to its hopes. The only apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its hopes. The only apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its hopes. The only apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its apparent route by which ven and is questioned day by day as to its apparent route by which ven and is questioned and bits platforms of 1916 is impracticable, within any reasonable length of time, if practical at all. And its adoption is, in my judgment, clearly necessary to the successful prosecution of the war and the successful realization of the objects for which moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the women of the sympathy and insight and clear moral instinct of the warming of

state very frankly and which I shall hope will seem as conclusive to you as they seem to me.

PEOPLE'S THINKING CONSTITUTE MORALE OF THE WAR.

"This is a people's war, and the and fine and worthy in our system of life as well as to discover just what is right and the seemed to the property of the prop

people's thinking constitute its atmosphere and morale, not the predilections of the drawing room or the

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its that ought to be puri political considerations of the caucus. If we be indeed democrats, and wish can ask other peoples to accept in proof of our sincerity and our ability to lead them whither they wish to be in my hands instruments, spiritual led nothing less persuasive and con- instruments, which I do not now posto leave the world to democracy, we vincing than our actions. Our pro-fessions will not suffice. Verification must be forthcoming when verifica-tion is asked for And in this case. tion is asked for. And in this case verification is asked for—asked for in this particular matter. You ask by whom? Not through diplomatic whom the President's appeal was channels; not by Foreign Ministers; channels; not by Foreign Ministers; not by the intimations of Parliaments. dresning the Belgian Army before its It is asked for by the anxious, exwe are dealing and who are willing to put their destinies in some mean ure in our hands, if they are sure that we wish the same things that they do. "I do not speak by conjecture. It is

voices of foolish and intemperate agitators do not reach me at ali. Through many, many channels I have Emperor Still Talks of Conflict as a Defensive War.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Emperor William, according to an Exchange Telegraph despatch from Amsterdam, has sent the following telegram to the Westphalian Patriotic Society:
"Germany is decided to tilize adforce to fight this enforced defensive war until a victorious end is secured and the Fatherland protected for all time against foreign oppression.
"A glance at the measures like these in struggling, workaday folk as thinking seen, but we have not, they will chast to believe in us. They will cease t

follow or to trust us.

"They have seen their own Governments accept this interpretation of democracy; seen old Governments like that of Great Britain, which did not profess to be democratic, promis readily and, as of course, this justic to women, though they had befor refused it; the strange revelations of this war having made many things new and plain to Governments as well

as to peoples.

We must either conform or delin-erately reject what they propose and resign the leadership of liberal minds

others. "Are we alone to refuse to fearn the esson? Are we alone to ask and take he utmost that our women can give-service and sacrifice of every kindand still say we do not see what til that gives them to stand by our sides in the guidance of the affairs of their Nation and ours'

MADE PARTNERS OF THE WOM-EN IN THIS WAR.

"We have made partners of the women in this war. Shall we admit them only to a partnership of sufferng and sacrifice and toil and not either by the other nations engage or by America, if it had not been for the services of the women-service rendered in every sphere—not merely in the fields of efforts in which we have been accustomed to see them work but wherever men have worked

## U. S. CONSUL GENERAL WHO WENT WITH BULGAR DELEGATES ORDERED BACK

Murphy, Stationed at Sofia, Had No Instructions to Participate in Negotiations,

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30 .- Domnick Murphy, American Consul General in Sofia, who accompanied the Bulgarian Plenipotentiaries to Salonica, where they arranged the armistice, has been ordered back to his post by the State Department. There is no criticism of Murphy here, but , it is made plain that he had no instructions to participate in the negotistions, and probably acted only as an observer.

Bulgarian Minister Panaretoff today submitted to Secretary of State Lansing a communication from Bul-Lansing a communication from Bul-garia asking the United States to use its good offices in helping conclude the Allied-Bulgar armistice, Inas-much as the armistice has been signed, it was held by the depart-ment that no further step by the American Government is necessary.

# BERNSTORFF TRAPPED IN TURKEY, BELIEF HERE

Former German Ambassador to U. S. Reported Able to Leave Only by Way of the Black Sea.

Count von Bernstorff, former German lieved to be trapped in Constantinopie as a result of Bulgaria's defection. The only apparent route by which von

sapequa, L. L. and Leo Wasservogel, manager, were sentenced to prison to-day by Judge Chatfield in Federal Court, Brooklyn, for selling liquor to soldiers in uniform. The Countess was sentenced to twenty days' imprisonment and fined \$150. Her manager, who took full responsibility for the offense, received three months in Jail.

Holub Enters Plea of Guilty.

John Holub, who swindled scores of women of \$250,000 in a pseudo-investment business he conducted in the Brokaw Building at Broadway and 42d Street, pleaded guilty to-day before Judge Wadhams in the Court of Gen-eral Sessions to the charge of grand larceny and was remanded to the Tombs until Monday for sentence.



By our "New Scientific Method" we are able to remove nerves, drill teeth and extract most difficult roots without the slightest pain being felt.

Teeth inserted without plates -decayed teeth saved-and diseases of the gums treated. All work guaranteed 10 years.

Consultation without charge at on Saturday said if he could be con-vinced Suffrage was necessary to win the war he would vote for it, declined

# Dr. Salter Dentist

17 West 34th Street, New York Hours, 8.30 to 6.

491 Fulton St., opp. A. & S., Brooklyn Hours, 6.50-7.50. Sundays, 2-13.

BRANCH OFFICES:
Cor. 52d St. & 5th Av., Bay Ridge, Bks.
Cor. Columbia and Carroll Sts., Bklys. 140 Newark Avenue, Jersey City, M. J. 147 Albany St., New Brunswick, N. J. 119 Smith Street, Perth Amboy, N. J.

DIED.

M'CAW-On Sept. 29, 1915, ALEXAN DER, beloved husband of Anna W Services of his late residence. 182

failed to reveal one who would say he had decided to support the reso-

Senator Benet, South Carolina, who

to state whether he had been con-

Southern Demograts were appar

ently emissrenseed by the President's flat statement that Suffrage is a vital war measure.

TROTZKY REPORTED SHOT.

Bolsheviki War Minister Wounded

at Briansk-Assailant Arrested.

STOCKHOLM, Sept. 20 .- Leon Trotz

Bolshevik War Minister, is reported

day to have been shot in the shoulder

cently at Briansk. His wound is not

BAKER IS IN LONDON.

Important Military Conference.

War Baker is here to-day to participal

LONDON, Sept. 30 .- Secretary of

an Important military conference

The assailant was arrested.

Our Mid-Week Special for Tuesday and Wednesday, Cet 1st-2d TWO DAYS ONLY. IT PERSON AND WEDNESDAY, TOUND HON 25C

Attractive Offerings for Monday, Sept. 30th

OLD SWEDISH CHOCOLATES—A choice collection of toothsome Sweets, having centers of richest, inclineest whipped cream, in a pleasing turis et of topular flators, and lackets of our rich, fragrant, clever 29c Chocolate. Unexcelled in purity and deliciousness. PACKAUE 29c

ASSORTED COCOAS

For exact location see HOX telephone directory.

Bulgarian representatives agreed to

Anna Elden, forty-nine, \$25 Bergen Avenue, Jersey City dropped to the floor on the uptown Cortlandt Street Station of the Ninth Avenue elevated last night and died before Dr. Savage arrived from the Broad Street Hospital. Her mother and John Elden, her husband, were with her.

IN GEN. BOEHM'S ARMY

the war is being fought.

That judgment I take the liberty of urging upon you with solemn earnestness for reasons which I shall state very frankly and which I shall state very frankly and which I shall as well as our comprehension of matters. ing her decision to cast her lot againsthe Entente Alliance. She had been fifteen months in deciding her course.

DARIS, Sept. 30.-Dozum of

Boehm's army ha been severely battered in the present offensive operations of the Allies.

"Everywhere Germany Falls Back erty," He Shouts.

German people, even in the changeable fortunes of war, against unworthy dis-couragement and unjustified doubt."

Since July 18 They Have Captured 200,000 Prisoners, 3,000 Guns and 20,000 Machine Guns.

enormous quantities of material. Palestine.

Swift & Company's sales of Beef in New York Cir for the week onding Saturday, Sout, 2c. averaged as follows: Domestic Beef, 13.48 cents per round.—Advt.